

Brief Questions in Julius Caesar

Writer: William Shakespeare | Generated: Jan 26, 2026

Brief Questions in Julius Caesar

- **What kind of play is Julius Caesar?**

Ans:

Julius Caesar is a Roman tragedy based on ancient Roman history.

- **What is the major source of Julius Caesar?**

Ans:

The source is Plutarch's Lives of the Noble Grecians and Romans, translated by Sir Thomas North.

- **How did Pompey die?**

Ans:

Pompey was murdered by his own friends.

- **What do you mean by "Tribunes"?**

Ans:

Tribunes were Roman officials who looked after the welfare of the people.

- **What is the feast of Lupercal?**

Ans:

The feast of Lupercal was a Roman festival honoring the god of fertility and plenty.

- **What does "The Ides of March" refer to?**

Ans:

It refers to the 15th day of March, believed to be unlucky.

- **What is the cause of Brutus's mental conflict?**

Ans:

Brutus is torn between love for Caesar and duty to Rome.

- **What supernatural signs are seen by Casca?**

Ans:

Casca sees fire raining, lions roaming, ghosts walking, and owls hooting at noon.

- **What mistake does Brutus make about the oath?**

Ans:

He refuses an oath, which weakens unity among the conspirators.

- **How does Portia prove her self-control?**

Ans:

She shows Brutus a wound she made on her thigh to prove her strength.

1. **Why did Calpurnia cry in her sleep?**

Ans:

Calpurnia cried because she dreamed of Caesar's murder.

- **What is Caesar's attitude to death?**

Ans:

Caesar says death is inevitable and brave men do not fear it.

- **When does Caesar decide to go to the Senate?**

Ans:

Caesar decides to go when Decius tells him the Senate will crown him.

- **Who is Artemidorus?**

Ans:

Artemidorus is a teacher of rhetoric and a well-wisher of Caesar.

- **Who persuades Caesar to go to the Capitol?**

Ans:

Decius persuades Caesar to go to the Capitol.

- **Who are called traitors by Artemidorus?**

Ans:

The conspirators are called traitors by Artemidorus.

- **How does Antony describe the assassins?**

Ans:

Antony calls them “honorable men” with bitter irony.

- **Who form the triumvirate after Caesar’s death?**

Ans:

Antony, Octavius, and Lepidus form the triumvirate.

- **Which forces are led by Brutus and Cassius?**

Ans:

Brutus and Cassius lead the armies raised in Asia Minor.

- **What is Brutus’s last great mistake?**

Ans:

He decides to march to Philippi against Cassius’s advice.

- **When does Caesar’s ghost appear?**

Ans:

Caesar’s ghost appears to Brutus at night after his quarrel with Cassius.

- **What is the meaning of Caesar’s ghost’s appearance?**

Ans:

It shows that fate still haunts Brutus and predicts his defeat.

- **Why does Cassius commit suicide?**

Ans:

Cassius loses hope after wrongly thinking his friend Titinius is captured.

- **How does Cassius commit suicide?**

Ans:

Cassius asks Pindarus to stab him with his own sword.

- **How is Nemesis fulfilled in Julius Caesar?**

Ans:

It is fulfilled when Brutus, the last conspirator, dies.

- **Why is young Cato introduced in the play?**

Ans:

He represents the brave old Roman spirit that is dying out.

- **What was Caesar's ambition?**

Ans:

Caesar wanted to be an absolute ruler of Rome.

- **What is Brutus's second mistake?**

Ans:

He refuses to include Cicero in the conspiracy.

- **What holiday are the people celebrating at Caesar's return?**

Ans:

They are celebrating the feast of Lupercal on 15 February.

- **What is Brutus's biggest mistake as a leader?**

Ans:

He lets Antony speak at Caesar's funeral.

- **What does Caesar say when he is stabbed?**

Ans:

Caesar says, "Et tu, Brute? Then fall, Caesar!"

- **Why and how does Brutus commit suicide?**

Ans:

Brutus kills himself by running on his sword held by Strato.

- **How did Caesar become the ruler of Rome?**

Ans:

He defeated Pompey's sons and became Rome's ruler in 45 B.C.

- **What is the main theme of Julius Caesar?**

Ans:

The main theme is ambition, betrayal, and the struggle for power.

- **How does Antony describe Brutus after his death?**

Ans:

Antony calls Brutus "the noblest Roman of them all."